

Reverend Jackson has served many congregations during his lengthy career, including First Baptist Church in Florida; First Baptist Church in Selma; Carolina Baptist Church in Andalusia; Bethel Heights Baptist Church in Gatesville, Texas; and since 1979, Lakeview Baptist Church in Auburn as its Pastor.

Reverend Jackson has also helped train ministerial students, and has served on the Board of Samford University. In addition, he has traveled around the world on mission trips, and is widely recognized in the Southern Baptist Convention for his teachings and his accomplishments.

Mr. Speaker, it is an honor to recognize Rev. Al Jackson on this important day, and I thank the House for their attention in honoring a man who has lived his life as a shining example for us all.

A PROCLAMATION RECOGNIZING SUSAN FRENO

HON. ROBERT W. NEY

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, June 21, 2004

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker,

Whereas, Susan Freno is an exceptional individual worthy of merit and recognition;

Whereas, Susan Freno has been acknowledged by the Ohio Department of Rehabilitation as the 2004 Corrections Officer of the Year recipient, therefore, receiving the DRC Ronald C. Marshall Award;

Whereas, Susan Freno should be commended for her excellence, for her professionalism and integrity, and for her ongoing efforts to effect others lives in a positive and in a changing way; and

Therefore, I join with the residents of the entire 18th Congressional District of Ohio in honoring and congratulating Susan Freno for her outstanding accomplishment.

IN HONOR OF ANGENAÉ; MARIE ZAAHIR-BEY

HON. MICHAEL N. CASTLE

OF DELAWARE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, June 21, 2004

Mr. CASTLE. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I rise today to recognize the achievements of Angenae Marie Zaahir-Bey upon her selection as the Girls Inc. "Girl of the Year Award Winner" in Delaware.

Girls Inc. is a nonprofit youth organization dedicated to inspiring our Nation's young women to reach their goals. On this, its 50th anniversary, I take great pride in honoring Girls Inc. and the wonderful young Delawareans who have achieved success through the guidance of this special program.

As this award demonstrates, Ms. Zaahir-Bey is a determined young woman who serves as a role model to all of her peers. She is an outstanding member of Girls Inc. and is always willing to help others—going above and beyond what is expected. Ms. Zaahir-Bey recently graduated from P.S. Dupont Elementary School and received a 3.9 grade point average for the year. In addition, she received the "Young Brandywine Artist Award," high hon-

ors, and "Reader of the Month" in the Delaware Tech National M.S. Society Readathon.

Mr. Speaker, I commend and congratulate Ms. Zaahir-Bey and Girls Inc. for their dedication to improving and enhancing the lives of women. Ms. Zaahir-Bey's involvement with Girls Inc. and selflessness serves as an example to us all. She is an exemplary young Delawarean.

TO HONOR THE FALLEN FROM SOUTH FLORIDA

HON. ILEANA ROS-LEHTINEN

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, June 21, 2004

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to honor the heroes who have given their lives in our fight against world terrorism. Every generation of Americans has been asked to leave their farms and towns and cities so that freedom could be spread throughout the world. As a citizen of this great Nation, I honor the sacrifices of the military in Iraq, Afghanistan, and all over the world who have given their lives in the fight against terrorism, and those who before them paid the ultimate price for freedom.

Like their forefathers in World War II, Floridians who have fought in the name of freedom are selfless citizens who answered the call of duty. Among these are my husband Dexter Lehtinen, who served this country bravely in the Vietnam War, and my stepson, Aviator 1st Lieutenant Douglas Hooper Lehtinen, who is currently serving in the Marines. Special mention is due to honor the six soldiers from South Florida who lost their lives in our war against world terrorism. I, and all of the citizens in my district, am thankful for their service.

This Nation can never repay the debt owed to these six men; their honor and service, however, will never be forgotten. In Operation Enduring Freedom, South Florida lost Army Specialist Pedro Lazaro Pena-Suarez, who was 35 when he lost his life in Kuwait on November 7, 2002. During Operation Iraqi Freedom, we lost Marine Corporal Armando Ariel Gonzalez, who was 25 when he gave his life in Iraq on April 14, 2003. Army Private First Class Charles M. Sims was only 18 when he perished in Baghdad on October 3, 2003. Army Sergeant Edmond L. Randle was 26 when he gave his life in the north of Taji on January 17, 2004. Army 1st Lieutenant Christopher J. Kenny was 32 when he fell in Baghdad on May 3, 2004, and Army Private First Class Jeremy Ricardo Ewing, who was 22, gave his life in Baghdad on April 29, 2004. Coast Guard Petty Officer 3rd Class Nathan B. Bruckenthal, 24, based in Opa Locka, perished on April 24, 2004 in the Northern Persian Gulf.

These men remind us that freedom is indeed not free. We must forever be vigilant to the rise of tyranny and be willing to fight it wherever it exists. We must never take for granted our democratic government. We must remember that in places like Cuba, North Korea, and Iran, human beings are still oppressed by horrible dictators. Let us fight these regimes until freedom rings in every nation of the world.

God bless all the men and women in our armed forces who have given their lives so that others may live in freedom.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF BROWN V. BOARD

HON. WM. LACY CLAY

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, June 21, 2004

Mr. CLAY. Mr. Speaker, May 17, 2004 marked the fiftieth anniversary of the landmark "Brown v. Topeka Board of Education" decision ordering the desegregation of U.S. schools. This court ruling effectively denied the legal basis for segregation in Kansas and 20 other States with segregated schools and forever changed race relations in the United States. Brown v. Board laid the precedent for ending all segregation. Very few Supreme Court decisions have impacted our nation's history as much as Brown v. Board.

This important anniversary was celebrated in Topeka, Kansas with the formal opening of a new national park—the Brown v. Board National Historic Site at Topeka's once-segregated Monroe Elementary School. In conjunction with the fiftieth anniversary celebrations, Washburn University hosted an interdisciplinary academic conference, "Telling the Story: Narrating Brown v. Board," May 18–20, 2004, and invited proposals for twenty-minute paper presentations on the full range of themes suggested by the Brown decision. Professor of History, Philip A. Grant, Jr. of Pace University was accepted to deliver his paper entitled "Midwestern Press Reactions to the 1954 'Brown' Decision," at the conference "Telling the Story: Narrating Brown v. Board" at Washburn University in Topeka, Kansas on May 19, 2004.

Since the Supreme Court overturned Plessy v. Ferguson and declared an end to legal segregation, this country has made great progress, especially in the area of racial relations, but there is more work to be done. In order for us to continue to make this country a better place in which to live, we must remember the past. I believe that Professor Grant has brought to light the importance of Brown v. Board as seen by newspapers of the Midwest at the time of the decision. I ask that his entire paper be made a part of the RECORD so that all the American people, not just those who attended the conference last month, may have the benefit of his historical insight. [Paper recited at the "Telling the Story: Narrating Brown v. Board" conference at Washburn University, May 19, 2004]

MIDWESTERN PRESS REACTION TO THE 1954 "BROWN" DECISION

(By Philip A. Grant, Jr.)

On May 17, 1954 the United States Supreme Court issued its historic "Brown v. Board of Education" decision. In a unanimous opinion the nation's highest tribunal decreed segregation in public elementary and secondary schools unconstitutional. By every standard the "Brown" ruling ranked as one of the most significant developments in the long and eventful history of our federal court system. Indeed there is ample evidence to warrant the conclusion that the "Brown" decision generated more controversy than any previous Supreme Court verdict.

The "Brown" decision attracted prime news coverage throughout the Midwest, a twelve state region extending from Lake Erie in northeastern Ohio to the Kansas-Colorado line more than thirteen hundred miles to the West. Moreover, a substantial majority of midwestern newspapers opted to editorialize on the "Brown" ruling.